# Ability to Repay and Qualified Mortgage Standards Under the Truth in Lending Act (Regulation Z)



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## Effective Date – January 10, 2014

General Rule - Creditor shall not make a loan that is a covered transaction unless the creditor makes a reasonable and good faith determination at or before consummation based upon "verified and documented information" that the consumer will have a reasonable ability to repay the loan according to its terms.

#### \$200,000 @ 4.5%

Total Damages	\$100,000
Attorney Fees	\$50,000
Actual Damages (down payment)	\$20,000
3yr. Finance Charge	\$26,000
Origination Fee 2%	\$4,000

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Covered Loans – Loan secured by a dwelling – residential structure containing 1-4 units (includes condo, co-op, mobile home, trailer, if used as a residence).

**Excluded** – HELOCS, timeshares, reverse mortgages, modifications, bridge loan 12 months or less, construction loan of 12 months or less.

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## Satisfying the General Rule 5 Ways

- 1) QM Special Rule (agency)
- 2) QM General Rule
- 3) "Running Naked" You Prove Reasonable and Good Faith Determination of "Ability to Repay"
- 4) Refinance a Non-Standard into a Standard Mortgage
- 5) Small Creditor Rural Qualify Balloon

# Safe Harbor vs. Presumption Compliance vs. Preponderance of the Evidence

- 1. QM "Safe Harbor" for transactions that are not Section 35 loans.
- 2. QM "Presumption of Compliance" for Section 35 loans.
- 3. "Running Naked"

## Qualified Mortgage Loan – Special Rule (expires June 10, 2021)

#### Meets three requirements:

- a) Substantially equal payments
- b) Term not to exceed 30 years
- c) Points and fees, known at or before consummation, do not exceed 3% of total loan amount on loans greater than or equal to \$100,000

And meets one or more of the following:

- a) FNMA / FHLMC eligible
- b) Eligible for FHA insurance
- c) Eligible for VA Guarantee
- d) Eligible for Department of Agriculture Guarantee

## Qualified Mortgage - General Rule

1. Substantially equal periodic payments

2. Loan term does not exceed 30 years

3. Points and fees do not exceed 3% of total loan amount on loans greater than or equal to \$100,000

- 4. For which creditor underwrites the loan taking into account monthly payments for mortgage related obligations using:
  - a) maximum interest rate that may apply during first 5 years
  - b) periodic payments over loan term (based upon maximum rate during first 5 years)

5. For which the creditor verifies at or before consummation

- a) current or reasonable expected income or assets (other than the value of dwelling)
- b) current debt obligations, alimony and child support

6. For which total debt to income does not exceed 43% - (Appendix Q)

## "Running Naked" The General Ability to Repay (ATR) Requirements

 The Eight Factors to Consider

- 1) Current or reasonably expected income or assets (other than the value of the collateral).
- 2) If the creditor relies on income from the consumer's employment, then the consumer's current employment status.
- 3) The monthly payment on the loan.
- 4) The monthly payment on any "simultaneous loan" that the creditor "knows or has reason to know" will be made.

- 5) Monthly payment for "mortgage-related obligations."
- 6) Current debt obligations, alimony and child support.
- 7) Monthly debt-to-income ratio (DTI) or residual income.
- 8) Credit history.

## Points and Fees

## Formula

#### TOTAL Loan Amount x Percentage ≥

- (a) + Non Interest Finance Charges under 1026.4(a) + (b)
- (b) + 1026.4(c) charges where lender or affiliate retains a portion of the fee
- any bona fide third party charges not retained by creditor (unless expressly included)
- (d) + any excess discount points
- (e) + all compensation paid to a loan originator other than the employee of a creditor that can be attributed to the transaction
- (f) + prepayment penalty

For QM Loans – Points and Fees
Payable in connection with the loan
cannot exceed specified amounts
as a percentage of the "Total Loan
Amount."

#### Total Loan Amount =

Amount Financed (Principal Amount)

Prepaid Finance Charges

Other charges Paid to Creditor/Affiliate and Financed

Optional Credit Insurance Paid at or Before Closing

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## Formula

#### TOTAL Loan Amount x Percentage ≥

- (a) + Non Interest Finance Charges under 1026.4(a) + (b)
- (b) + 1026.4(c) charges where lender or affiliate retains a portion of the fee
- any bona fide third party charges not retained by creditor (unless expressly included)
- (d) + any excess discount points
- (e) + all compensation paid to a loan originator other than the employee of a creditor that can be attributed to the transaction
- (f) + prepayment penalty

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"Points and Fees" Generally includes all non-interest Finance Charges under 1026.4(a) (b) with specific exceptions

#### Includes:

All Broker Fees

 Points, Loan Fees, Assumption Fees, Finder's Fees

#### 5 Exceptions

Federal or State Insurance or Guarantee Fees

MI payable after consummation

A portion of up-front MI if automatically refundable not to exceed amount allowed under FHA.

Unretained 3rd party fees – (if not expressly included)

Certain "Discount Points" on lower interest loans

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## Formula

#### TOTAL Loan Amount x Percentage ≥

- (a) + Non Interest Finance Charges under 1026.4(a) + (b)
- (b) + 1026.4(c) charges where lender or affiliate retains a portion of the fee
- any bona fide third party charges not retained by creditor (unless expressly included)
- (d) + any excess discount points
- (e) + all compensation paid to a loan originator other than the employee of a creditor that can be attributed to the transaction
- (f) + prepayment penalty

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Exclude 1026.4(c)(7) items if reasonable and creditor or affiliate of creditor receives no direct or indirect compensation.

- Fees for title examination, abstract of title, title insurance, property survey, and similar purposes.
- Fees for preparing loan-related documents.
- Notary and credit-report fees.
- Property appraisal fees or fees for inspections to assess the value or condition of the property if the service is performed prior to closing, including fees related to pest-infestation or flood-hazard determinations.
- Amounts required to be paid into escrow or trustee accounts if the amounts would not otherwise be included in the finance charge.

## Formula

#### TOTAL Loan Amount x Percentage ≥

- (a) + Non Interest Finance Charges under 1026.4(a) + (b)
- (b) + 1026.4(c) charges where lender or affiliate retains a portion of the fee
- (c) any bona fide third party charges not retained by creditor (unless expressly included)
- (d) + any excess discount points
- (e) + all compensation paid to a loan originator other than the employee of a creditor that can be attributed to the transaction
- (f) + prepayment penalty

Excludes any bona-fide third party fee not retained by creditor, loan originator or an <u>affiliate</u> of either.

(not expressly included)

## Formula

#### TOTAL Loan Amount x Percentage ≥

- (a) + Non Interest Finance Charges under 1026.4(a) + (b)
- (b) + 1026.4(c) charges where lender or affiliate retains a portion of the fee
- any bona fide third party charges not retained by creditor (unless expressly included)
- (d) + any excess discount points
- (e) + all compensation paid to a loan originator other than the employee of a creditor that can be attributed to the transaction
- (f) + prepayment penalty

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Excludes up to two (2) bona-fide discount points – if interest-rate (prior to buy down) does not exceed APOR by more than 1%.

Excludes up to one (1) bona-fide discount points – if interest-rate (prior to buy down) does not exceed APOR by more than 2%.

## Formula

#### TOTAL Loan Amount x Percentage ≥

- (a) + Non Interest Finance Charges under 1026.4(a) + (b)
- (b) + 1026.4(c) charges where lender or affiliate retains a portion of the fee
- any bona fide third party charges not retained by creditor (unless expressly included)
- (d) + any excess discount points
- (e) + all compensation paid to a loan originator other than the employee of a creditor that can be attributed to the transaction
- (f) + prepayment penalty

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Includes all compensation paid directly or indirectly by a consumer or creditor to a loan originator other than an employee of the creditor that can be attributed to the transaction at the time the interest rate is set.

## Formula

#### TOTAL Loan Amount x Percentage ≥

- (a) + Non Interest Finance Charges under 1026.4(a) + (b)
- (b) + 1026.4(c) charges where lender or affiliate retains a portion of the fee
- any bona fide third party charges not retained by creditor (unless expressly included)
- (d) + any excess discount points
- (e) + all compensation paid to a loan originator other than the employee of a creditor that can be attributed to the transaction
- (f) + prepayment penalty

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Includes the maximum prepayment penalties (or total prepayment penalty if borrower refinances with holder, servicer or an affiliate of either).

## Prepayment Penalties

- 1. APR cannot increase after consummation
- 2. Not higher priced loan (not Section 35)
- 3. Must not apply after 3 years
- 4. Must not exceed 2% during first 2 years and 1% during third year
- 5. Creditor must offer the consumer an alternative covered transaction without prepayment penalty

## Current Example

Loan Amount: \$250,000.00

Rate: 3.250%

Broker: 3% \$7,500.00

Lender Fee: \$875.00 Doc Prep: \$125.00

Appraisal: \$375.00

Credit: \$27.00

Title: \$650.00 Recording: \$140.00

Assume Loan Officer Comp 1%

Total: Prepaid Finance Charge: \$3,622.95

Amount Financed: \$246,377.05

3% = \$7,391.31

## No Affiliates

Total Allowable:  $3\% \times \$246,377.05 = \$7,391.31$ 

\$7,391.31

Broker: \$7,500.00

Lender: \$875.00

- over by \$983.69

#### Creditor Affiliated Title Company and In House Appraisal (Title and Appraisal Financed)

Total Loan Amount: \$7,360.56

\$7,360.56

- \$7,500.00 Broker:

- \$875.00 Lender:

- \$650.00 Title:

Appraisal: \_\_\_ \$375.00

\$2,039.44 Over by:

 $$245,352.05 \times 3\% =$ 

\$246,377.05 Amount Financed 650.00 Affiliated Title Fees 375.00 In House Appraiser

## Questions to Consider

- Will your company make Section 35 loans?
- Will your company make anything other than QM?
- A Broker's playing on a level playing field?
- Should you dump your affiliated title company?
- Should you let your in house appraiser go?
- Should you be greeting at Wal-Mart?